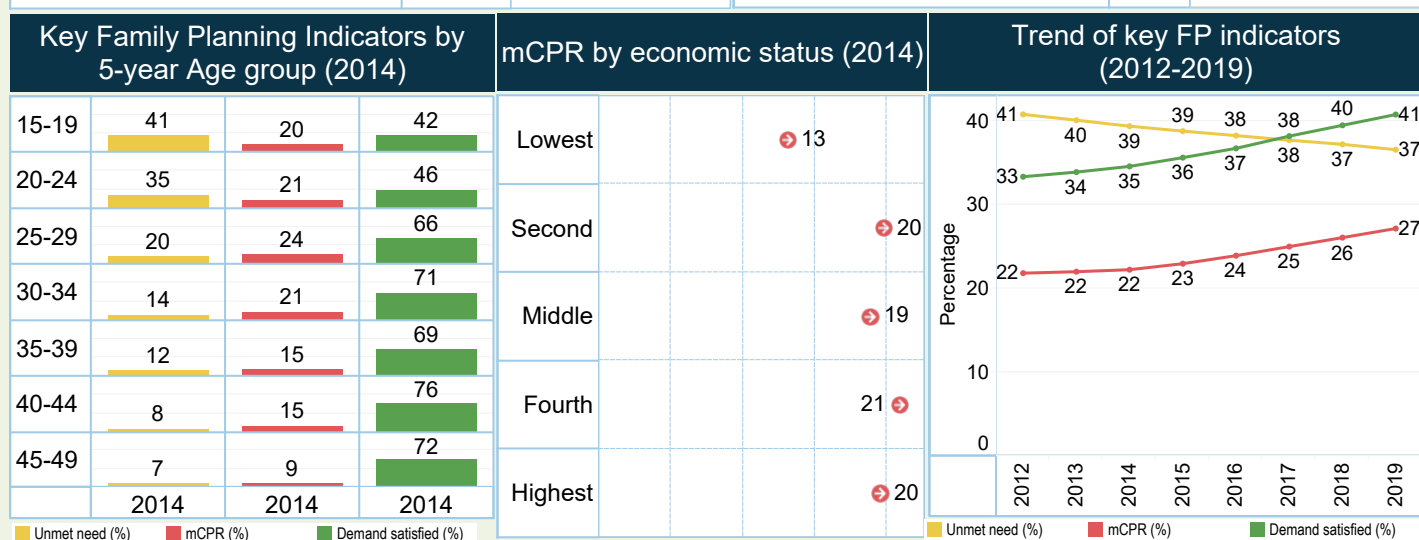




FAMILY PLANNING HEALTH PROFILE CONGO 2019



General statistics			Summary FP statistics		
Total population (000's)	2019	5,381	Demand satisfied (%)	2019	41
Total fertility rate (births per women)	2013	7	mCPR (%)	2019	27
Adolescent Birth Rate (births per 1000 adolescent females)	2010	111	Unintended pregnancies (000's)	2019	115
IMR (deaths per 1000 live births)	2018	36	Unmet need (%)	2019	37
MMR (deaths per 1000 live births)	2017	378	Unsafe abortions averted (000's)	2019	33



mCPR by place of residence (2014)		Facilities stocked out by method (2018)		Facilities stocked out by method (2018)	
Urban	20%	Long-acting and permanent..	Implant	Long-acting and permanent methods	Sterilization
Rural	16%		IUD		Sterilization.
Availability of service delivery points (SDP) (2018)		Short-term methods	Emergency ..	Short-term methods	Condoms
Primary SDPs with at least 3 modern methods	No Data		Injectable		Condoms.
Secondary/tertiary SDPs with at least 5 modern methods	No Data		Pill		

Definition of Indicators	References
1. mCPR: % of women of reproductive age who are using (or whose partner is using) a modern contraceptive method at a particular point in time.	Indicators 1 to 7
2. unmet need: % of fecund women of reproductive age who want no more children or to postpone having the next child, but are not using a contraceptive method, plus women who are currently using a traditional method of family planning.	From FP2020 2019 Progress Report, most recent national surveys (DHS,PMA2020, MICS,RHS and other national surveys).
3. demand satisfied: percentage of women (or their partners) who desire either to have no additional children or to postpone the next child and who are currently using a modern contraceptive method.	At: http://progress.familyplanning2020.org/re-sources
4. Unintended pregnancies: Nb of pregnancies that occurred at a time when women (and their partners) either did not want additional children or wanted to delay the next birth.	Indicator 8
5. unsafe abortion: Nb of unsafe abortions that did not occur during a specified reference period as a result of the protection provided by modern contraceptive use during the reference period.	MNCAH Data Portal (UN population division: 2019 estimate)
6. Facilities stocked out: % of facilities stocked out of each type of contraceptive offered, on the day of assessment.	Indicator 9
7. Method availability: % of primary (resp. secondary/tertiary) service delivery points with at least 3 (resp. 5) modern methods of contraception available on day of assessment.	WHO Global Observatory (DHS,PMA2020, MICS,RHS and other national surveys).
8. Total fertility rate: Average nb of children a hypothetical cohort of women would have at the end of their reproductive period if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates of a given period and if they were not subject to mortality.	Indicator 10
9. Adolescent birth rate (ABR): Nb of births to adolescent females, aged 15-19 occurring during a given reference period per 1,000 adolescent females.	From UN Inter-agency Group for Mortality Estimation (MMEIG), 2016
10. Maternal mortality ratio (MMR): Annual nb of female deaths from any cause related to or aggravated by pregnancy or its management per 100 000 live births.	Indicator 11
11. Infant mortality rate (IMR): probability of dying between birth and age 1 per 1000 live births.	From UN Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality (IGME), 2016

For further information:
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